

LOCATION AND POPULATION

 India, officially the Republic of India is a country in South Asia. It is the second largest country in the world population, with 1,210,193,422 inhabitants, and the seventh largest in area with 3,287,590 km². Extends between the Himalaya Mountains and the Indian Ocean from the defined to the south, southwest and southeast. Eastern border with Bangladesh and Burma to the north by China and the provinces Bhutan, Nepal, northwest with Pakistan, while the west bordering the Arabian Sea and south, southeast of the Indian Ocean and Bay of Bengal.

HISTORY AND ECONOMY

 India, during its history has been the cradle and crossroads of several major cultures and religions. During the 18th century gradually crumbled in the United Kingdom, and in 1947 gained independence after generalized selfdetermination struggle marked by non-violent protests. Today India is one of the fastest growing economies, although poverty remains strong social phenomenon.

EXPLOITATION

The Indian government is concerned about the exploitation of cheap labor and accomplish this by selling children traders and so children are the solution to low pay and while for the hard work. The author of the maltreatment of children in India state" The child in India is capital. Children as young as five are sold to traffickers and forced to work as modern slaves, with beatings and abuse conditions".



RELIGION

Hinduism, Brahmanism and Brahmanical religion are names describing the numerous local religions, religious practices and individual schools (sects samprantagias) of India. Themselves followers of the religion of the Indians usually described by the Sanskrit expression सनातन धर्म, Sanatana Dharma, which means "eternal law", "eternal order" or "paternal faith." General Hinduism is a religion.

CULTURE

The culture of India refers to the Dharma, beliefs, customs, traditions, languages, ceremonies, arts, values and the way of life of India and its people. India's languages, religions, dance, music, architecture, food, and customs differ from place to place within the country. Its culture, often labeled as an amalgamation of these diverse sub-cultures, spans across the Indian subcontinent and includes traditions that are several millennia old.

Many elements of India's diverse culture, such as Indian religions, yoga, and Indian cuisine, have had a profound impact across the world.

MUSIC

The music of India includes multiple varieties of folk, popular, pop, classical music and R&B. India's classical music tradition, including Carnatic and Hindustani music, has a history spanning millennia and developed over several eras. Music in India began as an integral part of socio-religious life and that Indian music is essentially melodic: sounds follow one another expressing an emotional state in an aesthetic unity.

MUSIC INSTRUMENTS

Indian musical instruments can be broadly classified into four categories: string instruments (chordophones), wind instruments (aerophones), membranophnes and idiophones. Sarod ,veena ,tambour ,tabla and tiktiri for whisperer of snakes ,is some of the traditional ,music instruments.



INDIAN KITCHEN

Indian cuisine encompasses a wide variety of regional cuisines native to India. Given the range of diversity in soil type, climate and occupations, these cuisines vary significantly from each other and use locally available spices, herbs, vegetables, and fruits. Indian food is also heavily influenced by religious and cultural choices.



BOLLYWOOD

 Bollywood is the informal term popularly used for the Hindi-language film industry based in Mumbai (formerly known as Bombay),
 Maharashtra, India. Bollywood is the largest film producer in India and one of the largest centres of film production in the world.

Poverty in India

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TyBXviRQ-3c

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