Developing an original speaking lesson for the primary EFL learners

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Abstract

English language teachers very often frustrated with coursebooks not aligning to their classroom reality or lacking efficiency in developing foreign language skills create their own lessons, that is 'original' lesson plans, either to enrich the existing coursebook material or to make lessons more interesting and motivating to satisfy their learners' actual needs and interests. This is especially the case with 'speaking instruction' in primary education on the grounds that school coursebooks are usually devoid of complete and well-structured speaking lessons to adequately develop primary learners' speaking skills; thus teachers are challenged to become creative and autonomous 'decision-makers' on teaching approaches and materials. Bearing these in mind, the aim of this article is to practise and reflect on the theory for the effective teaching of the speaking skill by recommending an original speaking lesson. This original lesson mainly focuses on teaching speaking by integrating all four skills and exploiting a variety of audiovisual materials and communicative activities appropriately selected and designed for the primary learners following the pre-, while-, post- framework.

Key words: speaking skills/microskills, real speech, listening materials, linguistic input, communicative competence, contextualized practice, simulation, feedback.

Introduction

The principal objective of a speaking component in a language teaching course is to enable the Ls¹ to speak the target language focusing on two main questions: *'what to teach'* and *'how to teach'* speaking. There have been lots of controversies so far regarding matters concerning 'what speech is appropriate to teach' and considerations of 'real speech' for the language classroom. However, what seems to be fundamental is that language teachers should expose their learners to models of 'real speech' using authentic 'listening materials' and classroom discourse, and engage them in speaking activities which can enhance the use of such speech and promote communication (Hill, 2004; Hughes, 2011). In other words, the Ls should be engaged in meaningful classroom activities which a. *provide conditions for 'real*

¹ Ls= Learners

communication' to take place aiding them to develop their speaking skills and b. *require the use of 'real speech*' the choice of which is determined by the purpose of communication.

Description of the original speaking lesson

The topic of this original lesson is "Lost in London: Asking and Giving Directions" and is consistent with the primary school curriculum since it enhances a cross-cultural perspective through the use of the central London map and thus Ls' familiarization with London city and sightseeing (cross-curricular link: *culture* and *geography*). Speaking is the main focus of the lesson aiming to teach how to ask and give directions by taking into consideration Ls' linguistic and cognitive needs, their overall competence and age; that is to say, it is intended for the primary Ls (~10-12 years old) with low L2² competence whose reference level according to the so-called Common Reference Levels of the Common European Framework (CEF-Council of Europe, 2001) is supposed to be the basic one called 'basic user' (A1 'Breakthrough' - A2 'Waystage').

It follows the pre-, while-, post- instructional sequence of teaching speaking. Pre-, while-, post- speaking stages include ten distinct steps to develop and practice Ls' speaking skills and microskills. In the <u>pre-speaking stage</u>, Ls prepare for the actual speaking activity that follows being exposed to visual materials (e.g. a map, a You-tube video) and asking them to do some language awareness activities (e.g. gap filling) as a linguistic input (vocabulary/grammar related to asking and giving directions). In the <u>while-speaking stage</u>, the speaking activity itself is conducted through graded steps, starting from a 'game like' dialogue on directions (pairwork) and moving gradually to a communicative and realistic simulation (Crookall, 1984) by asking Ls to use the real central London map (groupwork). In the <u>post-speaking stage</u>, further activities (e.g. writing, singing) are conducted towards skills integration; there is also feedback provided on the outcome of the whole speaking lesson in order to assess what the Ls have managed to learn by the end of the particular lesson. To this end, the Ls are asked to fill in a relevant questionnaire in the form of a checklist (articulated as 'can-statements') in order to raise their awareness of aspects of speaking and provide them with information about their performance so that they can monitor or improve it in the future.

The lesson's aim and objectives

The lesson's main aim is to expose the Ls to a model of 'real speech³' (Hughes, 2011), through authentic 'listening material' (derived from a You-tube video) and classroom discourse in order to develop their speaking skills and microskills.

² L2= Second or Foreign Language.

³ It is the speech focusing on communicative fluency and not just grammatical accuracy (Hill, 2004).

Its principal objectives are to: **a**. build activities around a specific scenario ('Lost in London: asking and giving directions') which requires the use of '*real speech*' and provide conditions for '*real communication*' aiding Ls to develop their speaking skills (Georgountzou, 2004), **b**. offer the Ls the chance to speak for a real purpose/reason (e.g. how to reach specific London sights), **c**. ensure communication which involves the transmission of messages from speakers to listeners (e.g. acting out dialogues) in a collaborative context (Nunan, 1992), **d**. set the *task environment* in a clear and well organized way in order to provide conditions for Ls to use their background knowledge and *communicative competence* avoiding mechanical repetition (simulation activity based on the use of a map), **e**. engage Ls in 'real' speakers do (Crookall, 1984), **f**. build Ls' confidence in produce language by offering them *contextualized practice* in order to realize the link between linguistic forms (e.g. imperatives, prepositions of place) and communicative function (asking and giving directions) as McCarthy & O' Keeffe (2004) suggest.

ORIGINAL SPEAKING LESSON PLAN

'Lost in London: Asking and Giving Directions'

Class profile:

5th or δth Class of the State Primary School Level: A1-A2 Time: 45 min **Materials:** a central London map, You-tube videos, a lap-top, worksheets.

<u>Aim</u>: To foster Ls' speaking skills and microskills in the primary EFL classroom by creating a 'real-life' communicative setting.

Specific aims:	1. To develop Ls' speaking skills	
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- 2. To encourage asking and giving directions in L2
- 3. To develop Ls' speaking microskills
- 4. To raise Ls' communicative skills
- 5. To achieve skills integration
- 6. To enhance Ls' collaboration

Procedure	Objectives	Time
A) Pre-speaking stage		
Step 1: a. The teacher introduces the	- This warm-up task aims to	
topic by showing the Ls ⁴ a map of	a. activate prior world knowledge and relevant	
central London and asking questions	content schemata (related to target culture	1 min

⁴ Ls=Learners

⁵ <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-SU_DYxI8SU</u>

e.g. What' this? Have you ever needed	awareness) and	
or used a map? Why do we usually	b. motivate Ls by creating expectations	
need a map? b. Predicting/Guessing:		
Ls are asked to make guesses about		
the purpose of the lesson, e.g. What		
are we going to talk about today?		
Step 2: Ls are invited to listen to a		
'real-life' dialogue derived from a	- To provide Ls with the necessary linguistic	
You-tube video ⁵ in which two	input	2 min
interlocutors are talking about	- To make Ls active listeners	
directions: the man asking for	- To integrate listening with writing	
directions is a foreigner / tourist lost in		
the capital of Britain and his		
interlocutor is British able to give the		
directions needed based on a map.		
While listening to the dialogue, Ls		
carry out a relevant gap-filling task.		
Step 3: Ls are asked to watch the	- To motivate them through You-tube technology	
You-tube video with the subtitles in	- To create a 'real-life' context	2 min
order to check their answers on their	- To encourage self-correction	
own first; then the teacher gives		
feedback.		
Step 4: Ls are also provided with	- To practice language related to asking and	
pictures to help them understand the	giving directions	5 min
meaning and use of key imperatives	- To practice imperatives	
for giving directions.		
B) <u>While-speaking stage</u>		
Step 5: Ls work in pairs and are		
provided with two maps. The idea of	- To make Ls act out a dialogue	
this task is information gap. Each	- To motivate Ls by visual aids	
learner gets a different handout with	- Skills integration	
different buildings marked on the	- To check comprehension	8 min
map. The Ls' job is to exchange	- To encourage communication	
information in order to complete their	- To engage Ls in a speaking game	
maps. They should ask Excuse me,	- To encourage peer correction	

how can I get to? questions. Some buildings (e.g. Railway Station) are marked on both maps to give students some point of reference. The teacher has to mark X on all the handouts by hand and make sure it's in the same place on both copies (Student A and Student B) as the activity won't work otherwise To consolidate vocabulary for asking & giving idrections- To consolidate vocabulary for asking & giving idrections- 15minStep 6: The teacher sets the scene: Ls inagine they are a group of friends toining they are a group of friends- To consolidate vocabulary for asking & giving idrections- 15minContinue their sightsecing.Fortunately interest (a. The Houses of Parliament, b. The Buckingham Palace and c. the Tower of London. The 3 groups act out the dialogue to the whole class: at of helpful expressions and vocabulary for asking and giving directions To develop Ls writing skill using the speaking task, the can teacher provide the mwith a list of helpful expressions and vocabulary for asking and giving directions To develop Ls writing skill using the speaking task, the can teacher provide ther write a paragraph summarizing the writes a paragraph summarizing the ver eassignd to find To develop Ls writing skill using the appropriate linking expressions5 min			
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They are asked to use appropriate	interest they were assigned to find.		
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linking expressions.	- To make Ls active listeners	
Step 8: A representative of each group	- To engage Ls in a speaking game	5 min
reports the paragraph back to the	- To check comprehension	
whole class. While reporting back, the		
other groups listen carefully to trace		
the way on their maps and circle the		
destination.	- To provide and receive feedback	
Step 9: Ls are given a self-assessment		1 min
questionnaire to fill in by Ticking $$		
what's true for them in order to get a		
lesson feedback as well.	- To listen & sing	
Step 10: Ls view a videoclip with a	- To practise pronunciation	1 min
relevant song, entitled 'Follow	- To listen, sing and dance for fun	
Directions ^{,6} ; they sing following the		
lyrics in the subtitles and dance all		
together.		

⁶ http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=atFupd8NxRE

WORKSHEETS

A) <u>Pre-speaking stage:</u>

Listen carefully to the dialogue and fill in the following gaps. Then watch the relevant video and pay attention to the English subtitles to check your answers on your own.

'Asking and giving directions' - Transcript

- Excuse me!
- Yes, _____can I help?
- _____, ehm, can you tell me the _____to Waterloo Station? I think I'm lost...
- I think you might be, yeah... You're actually here right in the middle of Hyde Park.
- Oh dear...

- It's _____ on through St James' Park...

-Yes...

- And then, when you get to the Houses of Parliament, left...
- Hhmmm...
- Then go the bridge...
- Ok...
- And then it's first ______ and you're there, that's Waterloo Station.
 Great, ok, so...ehm... Through Hyde Park, and then at the Houses of Parliament...
- No, no, no, LEFT at the Houses of Parliament!
- Right! (=Ok). _____at the Houses of Parliament. Ehm... Cross the bridge...
- That's it!
- And then... to the _____?
- First on the right!

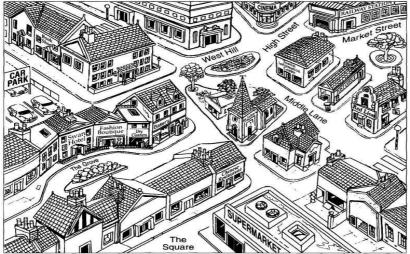
- First on the right!
- And that's Waterloo Station!
- Fantastic! Thank you very much.
- No problem, you're !

- Bye!

B) While-speaking stage:

B1. Look at the map below. There are buildings that are not marked on your map, but they are marked on your friend's map. You are at "X". Ask your friend how to get there and mark the ten buildings on your map. What question will you ask? What phrases will you use to answer the question?

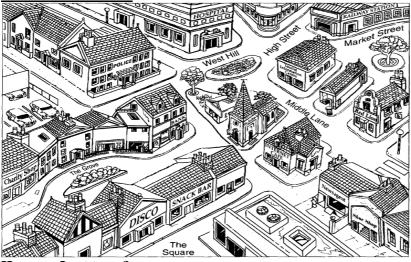
MAP 1/STUDENT A



How can I get to ...?

the p	olice station	the bank	the hospital	the chemist	the charity shop
the disco	the shoe shop	the new	vsagent's the	e internet cafe	the snack bar

MAP 2/STUDENT B



How can I get to ...?

the post office the Chinese restaurant the bookshop the cinema the fashion boutique the supermarket the car park the baker's the dry cleaner's the Swan Hotel

B2. Simulation Activity: 'Lost in London: How to get to ...?'

<u>1</u>. You are a group of friends visiting London as tourists and you've just visited the British Museum. <u>2</u>. At the moment, you feel lost and need somebody's help to continue your sightseeing. Fortunately, you've got three maps of central London. To save time, you decide to be divided into 3 groups to ask directions for three main London sights: a. The Houses of Parliament, b. The Buckingham Palace and c. The Tower of London. <u>3</u>. In your groups study the map of central London and prepare a dialogue about asking and giving directions for one of the three different sights. <u>4</u>. Two members of your group act out the dialogue to the class.

C) Post-speaking stage:

C1. Work in your groups again and write a paragraph to summarize the directions for the London sight you were assigned to 'find' using appropriate linking expressions. Then a representative of each group reports back to the class and the other groups listen carefully to circle the destination 'tracing' the way on your maps.

TICK V what S true for you	
Now I can:	
ask directions for a place	
give directions to a place	
act out a dialogue about directions	
take notes while listening to directions	
take turns while acting out a dialogue	
use a map to get to a place	
use imperatives to give directions	
use prepositions of place	
write a paragraph about directions	
work well with my classmates	

C2. SELF-ASSESSMENT QUESTIONNAIRE Tick $\sqrt{}$ what's true for you

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