

$x_0$

$\mu$   $\mu$  :.....  
 $\mu$   $\mu$  :.....

**A**

:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} y-x \cdot y - \frac{1}{x}, x < 0 \\ \frac{|x^2 - x - 2| - 2}{x}, x > 0 \end{cases}$$

**A1.**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$  ( $\mu$  15+15)

**A2.**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [f(x) - 3f(-x)]$  ( $\mu$  20)

**B**

$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  :

$f^3(x) + 2x^2 \cdot f(x) = 3\mu^3x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x) - f(0)}{x} = r \in \mathbb{R}, \quad :$

**1.**  $f(0) = 0$  και  $\alpha = 1$  ( $\mu$  5+15)

**2.**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 0$  ( $\mu$  10)

**3.** i)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(y-x)}{x}$  ii)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x^2-4)}{f(x-2)}$   
 ( $\mu$  5+15)

**A**

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} y \sim x \cdot y \sim \frac{1}{x}, x < 0 \\ \frac{|x^2 - x - 2| - 2}{x}, x > 0 \end{cases}$$

**A1.**  $x < 0, f(x) = \frac{y \sim x}{x} \cdot x \cdot \uparrow \in \frac{1}{x}, \dots \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$

$x > 0, f(x) = \frac{|x^2 - x - 2| - 2}{x} \quad x^2 - x - 2 < 0 \quad 0 \quad \mu,$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (x^2 - x - 2) = -2 < 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-x^2 + x + 2 - 2}{x} = \dots = 1$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x)$

**A2.**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [f(x) - 3f(-x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) - 3 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(-x) = \dots$   
 $= 1 - 3(-1) = 4$

**B**

**1.**  $x = 0 \quad \mu \quad f(0) = 0. \quad x = 0, \quad \mu \quad x^3 = 0$   
 $\mu \quad f^3(x) + 2x^2 \cdot f(x) = 3\mu^3 x \dots$   
 $\mu \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x)}{x} = a, \quad 3 + 2 - 3 = 0 \Leftrightarrow$

$(-1)(2 + 3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \dots \Leftrightarrow = 1 \quad 2 + 3 > 0 \quad \in \mathbb{R}$

**2.**  $\Theta \acute{\epsilon} \tau \omicron \upsilon \mu \epsilon \quad \gamma \quad x \quad 0, \quad g(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x}, \quad f(x) = x \cdot g(x) \dots$   
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = 0$

**3.**  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(y \sim x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(y \sim x) \cdot y \sim x}{y \sim x \cdot x} = 1$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x^2 - 4)}{f(x - 2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x^2 - 4)(x^2 - 4)}{(x^2 - 4)f(x - 2)} =$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x^2 - 4)}{(x^2 - 4)} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x - 2)(x + 2)}{f(x - 2)} = 1 \cdot 4 = 4$