



**not** a disease **but** a condition

**<u>not</u>** a brain damage **<u>but</u>** a brain difference

Dyslexia occurs in people of all backgrounds and intellectual levels.

People with dyslexia can be very bright.

They are often <u>capable or even gifted in</u>: art, computer science, design, drama, electronics, math, mechanics, music, physics, sales, and sports.

- Dyslexia affects the way that a person analyses sounds and words around them.
- Dyslexics try hard to perceive the sounds that make up words.

## Types of dyslexia

- a) Phonological dyslexia is more related to speech perception of sounds.
- b) Dyslexia with visual memory and processing difficulties.
- c) Dyslexia with a combination of both auditory memory and visual memory difficulties. These children tend to have a more severe form of dyslexia.

## Signs of dyslexia to look out for:

- the child could be late to start speaking
- ♥ may have difficulties in learning letters and their sounds
- ♥ can have difficulties in organizing written and spoken language
- ♥ might find it difficult to learn nursery rhymes.
- ♥ can have memory difficulties for following instructions.
- !!! The only way to confirm a diagnosis of suspected dyslexia is Formal Testing of reading, language, and writing skills.
- !!! Early identification and treatment is the key to helping children with dyslexia achieve in school and in life.