

Tower Bridge

- Tower Bridge is 60 meters long with towers that rise to a height of 43 meters.



Houses of Parliament

The **Palace of Westminster**, known also as the **Houses of Parliament** or just Westminster, is where the two [Houses of the Parliament](#) of the United Kingdom (the House of Lords and the House of Commons) conduct their sittings. It is the place where laws governing British life are debated and passed.



Buckingham Palace

- Buckingham Palace is the Queen's official and main royal London home. It has been the official London residence of Britain's monarchy since 1837.



Tower of London

- The Tower of London was originally built by William the Conqueror, following his successful invasion of England in [1066](#).
- The Tower of London is perhaps better known as a prison.



Trafalgar Square

- Trafalgar Square, designed by Sir Charles Barry, was constructed in the 1840s. It is named in honour of the British victory, led by Admiral Lord Nelson, at the [Battle of Trafalgar](#) in 1805.



Big Ben

- Big Ben is one of the most famous landmarks in the world. The clock tower is situated on the banks of the river Thames and is part of the Palace of Westminster.



Westminster Abbey

- Westminster Abbey is just to the west of the Palace of Westminster. It is one of the oldest buildings in London and one of the most important religious centres in the country. Every King and Queen has been crowned in Westminster Abbey since William the Conqueror in 1066.



St. Paul's Cathedral

- St Paul's Cathedral seen today was built between 1675 and 1711 by Sir Christopher Wren.
- The dome of St Paul's Cathedral is the second biggest dome in the world, after St Peter's in Rome.



The London Eye

- The British Airways London Eye (Millennium Wheel) stands 135 metres (443 feet) high on the South Bank of the River Thames between Westminster and Hungerford Bridges. It is the world's highest observation wheel.



Shakespeare's Globe Theatre

- Visitors can see the reconstructed Elizabethan theatre, built with materials, techniques and craftsmanship of 400 years ago.

