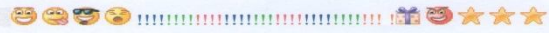


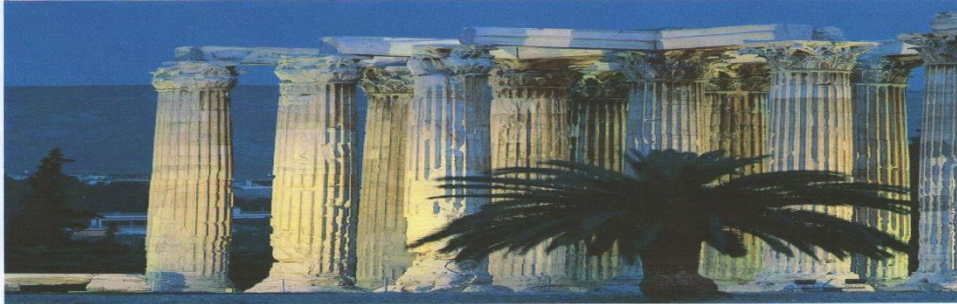
Athens Greece:



Athens is in the southern part of Greece .In Athens there are a lot of mountains like Imitos and Pendelis.

Athens is a nice city and it has lots of trees and parks .In the suburbs,there aren't any rare animals .We have some festivals too.If you are a tourist then you will like to see the Acropolis and its new museum.

You can eat a lot of food but the most common food is mousakas .There aren't any special products.

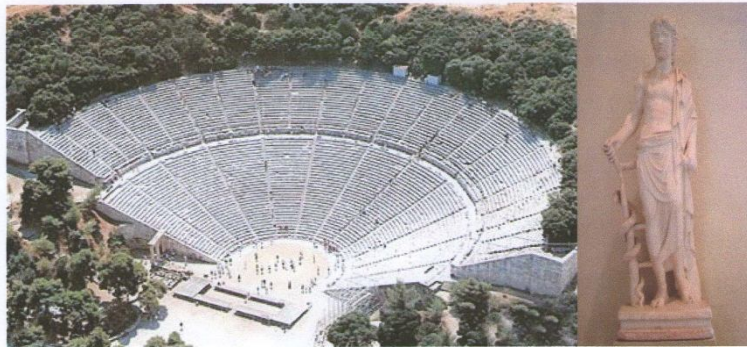


Margarita Pelteki
Anna Moisiadou
K.Petris
K.Labadaris

EPIDAUROS



- a) Epidauros was a small city (polis) in ancient Greece at the Saronic Gulf. Two modern towns bear the name Epidauros (Επίδαυρος) : Palaia Epidauros and Nea Epidauros. It's just 145 klm from Athens and very close to the most important archaeological places.
- b) The Theatre of Epidauros is world famous for its excellent acoustics and is one of the most visited places.
- c) Epidauros is a historic region of Argolida in the eastern side, located at the foot of mountains Arachnaio, Premium and Tithio.
- d) The Epidauros Theatre is a truly amazing site.
The theatre is gigantic, built into the slope of a hill and the acoustics are incredible.
- e) Among all the ancient theatres, Epidauros theatre is the most beautiful and best preserved. Destined for the fun of the patients of Asklepieio, it had a capacity of 13.000 spectators. It was divided into two parts : A 21-rows of seats part, aimed for the citizens and a 34-rows of seats part aimed for the priests and rulers. The superb acoustics as well as the very well preserved construction, contributed to the creation of Epidauros Festival S.A. .
- f) For more than forty years , the Epidauros Festival , part of the Hellenic Festival, has re-created.
- g) The rod of Asclepius,a snake-entwined staff, remains a symbol of medicine today.
- h) One of the rare trees you can find at Epidauros is the almond tree.



ELISABET MAGKLARA-XRISA SPANOU-ANASTASIA KOKKINAKI

OLYMPIA

Olympia is an ancient city in Elis, which is in the western part of Greece called as Peloponnesse. This place is known as the site of the Olympic Games in classical times.

In Olympia there are important places such as the temple of the Epicurius Apollo, the stadium and the Prytaneion. Also there is a superb archaeological museum and villages in which you can see the ruins of the temple of the Zeus and the Philippeion, the palestra and the temple of the Hera. In this area you can eat local sheep's milk cheese, tasty eels from Lake Epitalion, potatoes, sweet watermelons, melons and citrus. There are also wild ducks and thousand nightingales that sing in the ravine of nightingales of the Pelopion village.

Alpheios is the largest river of Peloponnesse and the lake of Kaiafas is one of the most famous in Elis. We mustn't forget to visit the unique Greek oak forest ,Foloi.



Theodoris
Aggelos Kouarmoulakis
Sophia Riga
Christina Chrogianni

SANTORINI

Santorini is one of the most popular destinations in eastern Greece and attracts thousands of visitors each year. Santorini is a volcanic island made of black stone and therefore offers a spectacular landscape and a unique atmosphere. It's traditionally shaped villages lie on top of impressive cliffs 300 meters high and offer a panoramic view of the submerged volcano. One of the most famous villages is Oia, mostly known around the world for its spectacular sunset.

But Santorini has much more to offer to the visitor, such as endless and unique black sandy beaches, archaeological sites, museums, incredible local products and great food.

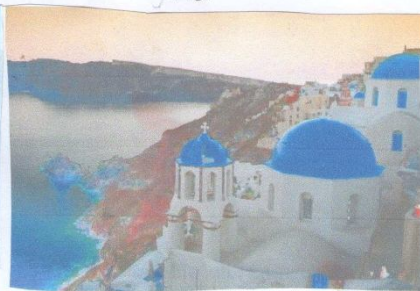
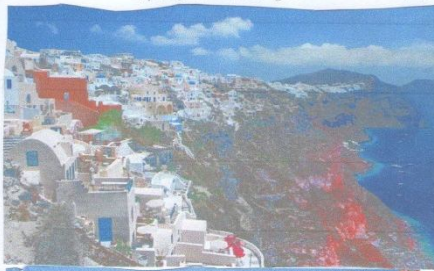
In the South part of Santorini is the mountain of Prophet Elias with an altitude of 567 meters consisting from huge rocks and marble, there located the monastery of Prophet Elias from the 18th century. After this mountain is the Mid-Mountain or Mountain of St. Stephen, with an altitude of 366 meters, its name derives from the early Christian church that was there. The intermediate neck connecting the two mountains is called Sellada.

The island remains the home of a small, but flourishing, wine industry, based on the grape variety, Assyrtiko and two other Aegean varieties, Athiri and Aidani. The vines are extremely old of the early 20th century. The pride of the island is the sweet and strong Vinsanto (Italian: "holy wine"), a dessert wine made from the best sun-dried Assyrtiko, Athiri and Aidani grapes. White wines from the island are extremely dry with a strong, citrus scent and minerals and iodine salt. It is not easy to be a winegrower in Santorini, the hot and dry conditions give the soil a very low productivity.

Due to its unique ecology and climate and especially its volcanic ash soil, Santorini is home to unique and prized produce. The Santorini tomatoes are renowned; they are cherry tomatoes that are extremely tasty and sweet.

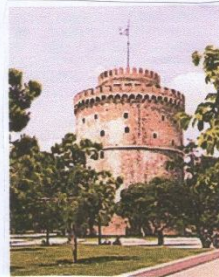
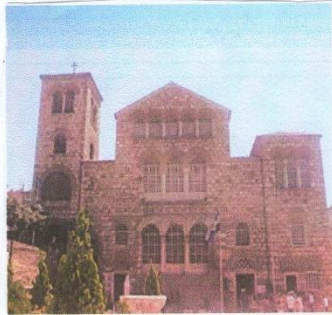
Santorini "fava" is very famous too. The white eggplants of Santorini are very sweet, with very few seeds and can be eaten raw. The Katsouni is a unique local variety of large cucumbers.

Μανταλιντα Παπαγιάννη Konstantina Theodorou
Χριστίνα Βαλάνη Romanos thames.



PROJECT2

GROUP F



Thessaloniki is in the northern part of Greece. Thessaloniki is a "big" city. The most important sight is the tomb of saint Dimitrios.

In Thessaloniki there are mountains, rivers lakes also there are Byzantines churches, the tomb of Santa Dimitrios, You can take some myrrh of the body of saint Dimitrios and you can see the White Tower.

In Thessaloniki you can eat a special food, "triangles of Panorama".

Book exhibitions are being organized since 2004.

Thessaloniki hasn't got rare animals or trees.

Γιώργος Παδδης Γιώργος ΜΜΙΤΣΙΑΝΟΥ
Γιώργος ΣΑΥΤΗΣ ΤΑΞΗ ΔΙ