Internet safety

Aggelos Apostolou
George Katsaris
Alex Kollias
Translation: Marilena Koutroumani

Internet safety or cyber security has to do with the user's personal safety and security risks to private information and property related to using the Internet and protecting oneself from cybercrime.
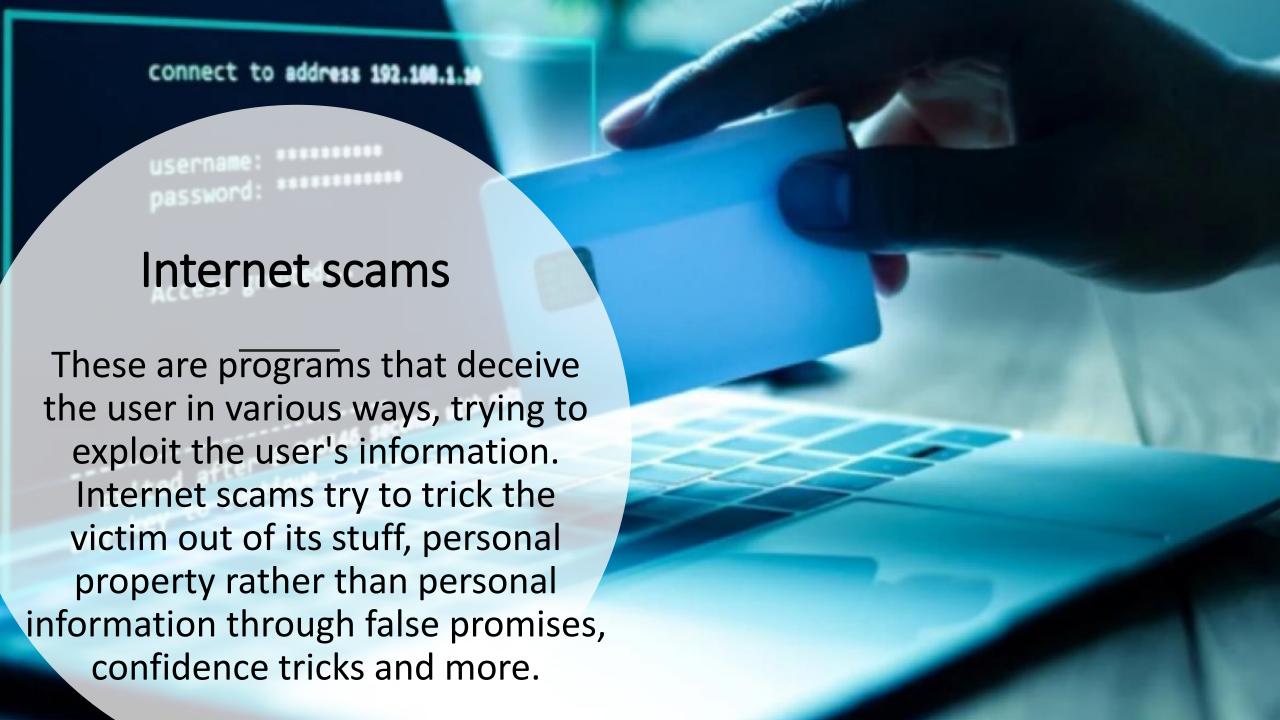
ELECTRONIC FISHING

Phishing is a type of fraud in which fraudsters appear with false information to obtain private information, such as passwords, credit card information, etc., over the Internet. Phishing often occurs through e-mail and instant messages and may contain links to websites that prompt the user to enter personal information. These fake websites are often designed to look like their legitimate counterparts, to avoid user suspicion.

Malware, especially spyware, is malicious software disguised as software designed to collect and transmit personal information, such as passwords, without the user's consent or knowledge. Often distributed via email, from unofficial websites. Malware is one of the most widespread security problems, as it is often impossible to determine whether a file is infected, even if the source of the file is safe.

Internet scams

These are programs that deceive the user in various ways, trying to exploit the user's information. Internet scams try to trick the victim out of its stuff, personal property rather than personal information through false promises, confidence tricks and more.

Information security

Sensitive information such as user's personal data and identity, passwords are often associated with personal items (e.g. bank accounts) and their privacy and may pose a concern for users' security if leaked. Unauthorized access and use of private information can result in identity as well as property theft.

Ways to protect yourself online

Remember that YOU decide what information you disclose about yourself, when, why, and to whom:

1. Don't reveal personal information easily

2. adjust the privacy settings on your social media accounts

3. beware of sites that offer pay or other types of rewards in exchange for your contact details or other private details.

4. Be aware of online security: Never submit credit card numbers or other highly personal information unless you're sure your connection is secure

5. Be very careful about spyware.

6. Use secure passwords and protect them with a master password.

The end

Thanks for watching us

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